Never Say "Arab"
Pat Aufderheide, a veteran writer for the socialist press, thought she had been bearing a cross, until, two years ago, she took a part-time editing job with the Washington-based American-Arab Anti-Discrimination Committee (ADC). Then she quickly discovered what being a political pariah is really all about.


- A children's booklet she wrote on the life of Anwar Sadat, who was and is more of a hero in Tel Aviv than Cairo, had problems at the manuscript stage. One editor asked, "Do you think we ought to check this with the Israelis?"
- As a regular movie reviewer for "an alternative weekly catering to yuppies," Aufderheide asked to review the Costa Gavras film, Hanna K., which treats Palestinians like human beings and, consequently, has had terrible distribution problems in the U.S. "I'm sorry," said the editor, "but I think that would be conflict of interest, given your present employment."
- To the editor of a film magazine, Aufderheide said one day, "Call me Monday ... I'll be at the office of the American-Arab Anti-Disc...." "You're working where?" came the outraged reply, which led to a heated discussion on the Middle East. "But these are Americans," Aufderheide pleaded. "They eat white bread for breakfast. They read about Lebanon in the newspaper. Scratch them, they bleed, and so on."

The ADC's creation in 1981 by former Senator James Abourezk was clearly long overdue. "In Washington ... you can't say 'Arab' without causing a stir. People always wait for me to excuse or explain my connection." Aufderheide cites a representative vignette from American political life. Philadelphia's black mayoral candidate, J. Wilson Goode, had attended a fundraiser at the home of an Arab-American: "The next day, he found himself under attack as 'pro-Arab.'"

Caucasianization
Plastic surgeon Ronald Matsunaga of the University of Southern California has performed more than 2,000 operations on Orientals in the U.S. to remove their epicanthic folds. Himself a Japanese American, Dr. Matsunaga says he is against such operations and has tried, unsuccessfully, to talk his own daughter out of "whitening" her eyes.

The operation costs between $1,600 and $1,800 and consists of cutting the upper eyelid, removing the soft tissue and part of the muscle, and tucking in the loose skin. Later the patient can further reduce his or (much more likely) her Oriental look by having the web that covers the inner corner of all Oriental eyes removed.

The surgery is most popular in Hawaii among Oriental girls from 13 to 15. There is some, but not much, opposition to the procedure. A reporter found one Japanese-American woman in San Francisco who thought it "atrocious."

Then there is the operation in reverse. Dr. Linton Whittaker, a plastic surgeon at the University of Pennsylvania, has given what he calls the "Sophia Loren tilt" to more than 1,000 whites, but only 50 of them wanted it for cosmetic reasons. The others acquired the "tilt" in the process of treating their eye injuries.

The boom in plastic surgery among non-whites wishing to be "Caucasianized" demonstrates that, though most everything connected with the white race is moribund and on the way to the ethnic graveyard, the aesthetic prop is still very much alive. Perhaps by the time the last white is buried, hundreds of millions of earthlings will be walking around with surgically constructed Nordic faces.

Forking Tongues
A person speaking standard English in the narrative past tense would say, for example, "he ran and told me." In contemporary black English, however, the very same meaning is conveyed by "he runs and tell me." The first verb always ends in an "s" while the second never does, which means that a grammatical rule is operating. It also means that American black English is continuing to evolve away from both standard English and various local and regional white dialects.

That wasn't supposed to happen. The linguistic establishment has long predicted that the homogenizing influence of radio, television and the movies would cause America's dialects to converge. Many stories have been printed about the slow disappearance of Brooklynese and the Southern accent. Now comes Dr. William Labov, a linguistics professor at the University of Pennsylvania, to report that his detailed analysis of the recorded conversations of blacks and whites in North Philadelphia "reflects a national trend in the black community." Dr. Arthur Spears, a Negro linguist at the City College of New York, concurs.

Labov also believes that at least some of the major white American dialects are continuing to diverge from standard English. Predictably, he says, "We're looking at this as a danger signal that our society is being split more and more...." But he also calls black English, a "healthy, living form of language."

Many middle-class blacks speak standard English. Others use the grammatical forms of standard English, but retain a special black vocabulary and its accompanying accents. Though the percentage of blacks speaking "standard" is slowly rising, the absolute number of speakers of black English is also growing, and this number speaks what, to whites, seems an increasingly outlandish tongue. "It looks as if all kinds of new things are happening in black grammar," says Labov. "People's speech behavior is not influenced by the remote communication of the mass media."

The primary influences remain family, friends and co-workers. If Labov is correct, and the speech gap among blacks continues to widen, we may anticipate a growing readiness of the black lower class to cut loose from the American mainstream and embrace black separatist messiahs like Louis Farrakan, even as the black middle class moves closer to non-blacks, whom it more readily understands. Closer but not too close. In the long run the power of race will outpower the power of language.

New York's Finest
Odd S. Lovoll is a professor of history and Norwegian at St. Olaf College in Northfield, Minnesota. In 1983, Oslo University Press published his book, Der Lotterike Landet (The Promised Land), which deals with Norwegian immigration to America. Last year, the University of Minnesota Press published The Promise of America, which was the same book adapted for an American audience.
A neglected subfield which Loyoll's book addresses is his people's urban experience in this country. Quite perceptively, he refers to present-day urban Norwegian-Americans with the same word Elie Wiesel uses for Jewish holocaust victims -- "survivors." Loyoll also takes his reader to many sites of former Norwegian-American urban concentrations, places where the Founding residents (call them "wildflowers") were driven out by weedier, more aggressive latecomers.

The Promise of America brings to mind an article which reporter Steve Berg wrote for the Minneapolis Tribune (Aug. 16, 1981) about Brooklyn's famous Scandinavian enclave, Bay Ridge. The neighborhood held 70,000 Scandinavians in 1950, but has since been overrun by southern Italians, Puerto Ricans, Arabs, Koreans and just about everything else. Now kids play ghetto-blasters all day long, and the once spotless streets are filling with trash. There are no more than 20,000 Scandinavians left in what is still New York's politest neighborhood, and most of them are old. At Salem Lutheran Church, for example, there are 250 parishioners, but no confirmation by 1990 or so.

One stupid myth after another bites the dust in Berg's honest portrayal of Bay Ridge. Take the notion of the "tough urban temperament," which anyone who has spent time in downtown Oslo knows to be pernicious nonsense:

[The Scandinavians of Bay Ridge] have not adopted the hard-boiled aggressiveness of the stereotypical New Yorker. By their own confessions, they are unemotional and introverted. They remain true, they say, to their low-key national character.

"We're the same here as we would be any place," said Emmy Eriksson....

"We're holding back all the time. We're not pushy. We say we're sorry even if it's not our fault. The Italians are supposed to be hot-blooded and we're cold-blooded. It's part of our personalities. I guess."

It's easy to see why Nordics cannot long endure as a community in any racially mixed setting (though the survival of selfish, insulated, yuppie-like individuals is quite another matter). Leif Hvidsten, 58, explained to Berg that his people never had any political power in New York because they had no "political temperament."

Emasculated Test

November 28, 1984, was a dark day in the history of America's standardized testing industry. The giant Educational Testing Service (ETS) of Princeton, New Jersey, settled out of court with plaintiffs who had charged it with "racial discrimination" on a test for licensing insurance agents in Illinois.

As part of the agreement, ETS will now include on the test a query on race and educational background. Then, each year, a comparison of the scores of whites and racial minorities will be made separately on each question. Future examinations will be based on those test questions which showed "the least difference in passing rates between black and white examinees." In other words, the major test criterion for what makes a good insurance agent in Illinois will henceforth be: whatever questions blacks come closest to matching whites on! (And this foolishness will cost ETS more than $150,000 in just one state on just one test.)

Out the window will go many questions reflecting real aptitude for what is sometimes a mentally taxing job. Arthur Jensen and other test researchers have found repeatedly that it is the least valid questions which often produce the most nearly equal results between blacks and whites. For example, ask some high-school students a "culturally biased" question such as whether Romeo was a Montague and Juliet a Capulet, or vice versa, and the difference between black and white scores will be comparatively small. Pure memory suffices; no mental manipulation is required. Then ask the students to solve an abstract geometry problem. It is here that blacks as a group will fail, whereas untaught Eskimos in a remote village may hold their own or almost hold their own. "Culturally biased" questions are precisely the ones that blacks usually do best on, since they share white American culture to a far greater extent than they share white mental capacities. All this is well known among test experts.

The victorious plaintiffs in the Illinois situation were white males. The requirement of a landslide effect will cost ETS more than $150,000 in just one state on just one test.

Unponderable Quote

The present-day diversity of the student body at Princeton is not something separate from the University's commitment to educational excellence; it is required by it.

Pres. William G. Bowen, Princeton University
Equinocide

In this day and age when Jewish crime in America focuses on arson, tax-dodging and peculation, we tend to forget that in earlier times Jewish criminal expertise was more broadly based. There was bootlegging, Murder Inc., prostitution and, yes, “horse-poisoning.” As author Jenna Weissman Joselit explains it in Our Gang (Indiana University Press, Bloomington, 1983):

Like arson, horse-poisoning was associated almost exclusively with Jews. A form of extortion, it dated back to either 1906 or 1907 and reached its peak in 1912 when an average of twelve horses a week were poisoned in the city’s Jewish neighborhoods. Organized in the form of a gang, the horse-poisoners modeled themselves after the Italian Black Hand. Calling themselves the Jewish Black Hand, the gang would write a letter to a stableman or a businessman whose concern used horses, demanding a certain sum of money. Accompanying the letter was the threat that should the victim refuse to comply, his horse would be poisoned: “Pay or we’ll drop a horse on you” was the general text of such messages.

As for prostitution in turn-of-the-century New York, Jews dominated both the business and service ends. In regard to the latter, Joselit writes of two Jewish late-night ladies, Mamie and Lizzie, who in the course of their 25-year careers gave “syphilis to 50,000 men.”

The Fight Against Tax Reform

Jews are not too worried about possible changes in the tax laws. Since they are far and away America’s biggest tax dodgers (see the Wall Street Journal for the past three or four decades), whatever the government does in the way of tax reform is of only secondary interest to them -- except for one big “except.” When they found out the Treasury Department’s tax reform proposals called for cutbacks in tax-deductible donations, Jewish groups, along with most nonprofit organizations, churches and other institutions which live off tax-deductible gifts and legacies, were up in arms.

If the Treasury’s tax reform should get through Congress, the estimated $49.5 billion that escapes the IRS each year because of tax-deductions, would be reduced to $47.7 billion. What worries Jewish groups most in the Treasury proposals is disallowing any tax deductions from the first 2% of adjusted gross income. There is no such “floor” in the present federal tax structure. Also worrisome is that gifts of “appreciated property” (stocks and other items bought years ago) will no longer be permitted to be deducted at the amount of their current market value, but at the amount of their original purchase. Consequently, John Doe Finkelstein, who bought some modern art junk in 1920 for $10,000, can no longer give it to the American Jewish Committee, which would sell it for $1 million and thereby allow Finkelstein to deduct $990,000 on his income tax return.

In a time of cataclysmic budget deficits, any and all tax loopholes, especially those specifically tailored to fit the fiscal desires of double-loyalty population groups, should be ended once and for all. Nevertheless, there is little or no possibility that any meaningful reform of tax-deductible provisions will be approved by a Congress beholden to Jews for half of its Democratic members and a quarter of its Republican members’ campaign funds (see next page).

Selective Prosecution

No one is more outraged than a liberal or minority when a citizens group protests busing, abortion or affirmative action by holding what the press often calls an illegal demonstration. Editorialists scream with one voice: “It’s the law,” and demonstrators are cautioned that protesting the law is practically the same as violating it. But whenever the liberal-minority coalition wants to break the law -- often just to gain attention -- the media form up behind it, not against it. Thousands have been arrested throughout the country in the last few months for illegally demonstrating in front of the South African Embassy in Washington, staging sit-ins in various South African consulates, businesses and colleges investing in South African securities and blocking the entrances to stores selling Krugerrands. But so far not one arrestee has been prosecuted. Not even Stevie Wonder, the swaggering, pigtailed black rock singer whose entourage arrived at the South African ambassador’s residence in two stretch limousines, which followed him to the police station after his arrest and then conveyed him back to his hotel.

The guardians of criminal justice, however, have assumed an entirely different attitude toward a lonely anti-Communist woman who did the same thing in front of the Soviet Embassy that myriads of liberals and minority have been doing in front of the South African Embassy -- that is, breaking the law by demonstrating within 500 feet of an embassy entrance. She was not only arrested, but has been brought to court and faces a 60-day jail sentence and a $100 fine.

District of Columbia officials, when asked why they have not prosecuted the lawbreakers in front of the South African Embassy lamely explained that the charges against them “lack prosecution merit.” Obey the laws you like, disobey the laws you dislike is becoming the legal rule of thumb in a country supposed to be governed by laws, not men.

Draft-Dodging “Hero”

Anyone who is still thrilled by the “heroic act” of that great subway vigilante, Bernard Goetz, should hear his telephone conversation with girlfriend Myra Friedman, as taped and published in New York magazine (Feb. 18, 1985):

GOETZ: I, uh, a psychiatrist trained me to act like a complete psychotic. Me and a number of other people. We actually went through a training program. It’s ludicrous!

Once again, Instauration asks, “Why Goetz?” In Birmingham, Alabama, only a month or so after the Goetz incident, 69-year-old Annie Winford shot and killed one black and chased off three more after they tried to smash in her front door. Not a word on national TV. At about the same time in Forrest City, Arkansas, a black out on bond after raping a 17-year-old white girl, was castrated by two men. Again, surprisingly enough, not a word on the TV networks. Somehow only a draft-dodging, mixed-up, half-Jewish wimp was first hailed to the skies and later (for political reasons) damned to the nether regions for making a personal stand against crime. Not one encomium for a truly heroic old woman, or for two men who risked long years in prison in order to guarantee that at least one rapist will never return to his favorite occupation.

French Profile of Hitler

“While the Führer was speaking . . . I noted that his nose was fleshy and that the lower part of his countenance was indefinable and pouting-faced. Whence then came this extraordinary sensation of power he emitted? His facial traits, his shoulders, his gestures were all rather soft, as was his overall bone structure. His complexion was pale and waxy, like that of a man who suffers from insomnia. His entire physique seemed sensual, almost feminine, in strik-
ing contrast to what I knew about his ascetic character... From time to time he rubbed his hands or, rather, his hands clasped each other, with a nervous jerky movement, as if they were wringing out a sponge. There was something in his attitude—I can’t quite explain what—which reminded me of the words of Mussolini, who gave his impression of Hitler, after one of their first meetings: ‘I've got it! He's a Dominican.'

Fleshy nosed and pudding faced?

“It didn’t take me long to understand that the power that emanated from Hitler had nothing to do with physical strength. He was not an athlete, although he led an arduous life that would have exhausted anyone else. He was a formidable storehouse of energy, a dynamo charged with high-voltage electricity which flashed around him in lightning-like discharges. His power was not physical; it resided uniquely in his will — that fanatic will directed toward a goal, sometimes somber, sometimes smiling, one could sense an element of violence, as implacable and cruel as the forces of nature.”

The above was translated from pp. 82-83 of De la defaite au desastre (From Defeat to Disaster) by Jacques Benoist-Méchin, aristocratic bon vivant, friend of Joyce and Hemingway, and a high Vichy official, whose death sentence was commuted by President Auriol of France in 1947.

Most city services to all comers, regardless of citizenship and legal status. The order also halted cooperation by city agencies with federal immigration authorities, who need all the help they can get. As he signed the bill, the black mayor was surrounded by half a dozen Hispanic activists who all looked much more American than Spanish. Chicago's enormous Hispanic vote is seen as the "critical swing bloc" in the 1987 mayoral election.

Meanwhile, in another of the nation's largest cities, Houston, where possibly 70% of next year's kindergarten students will be non-English-speaking, a desperate school administration has begun advertising in Mexico City for as many as 400 new bilingual teaching positions. The local supply is inadequate. Nationwide, the situation is little better, with one in four teachers saddled with students who can't speak English. According to James Lyons of the National Association for Bilingual Education, "It's the worst ever. It's everywhere, it's crippling and it's getting worse."

Buying the Major Parties

American Jews are reported to contribute more than 50% of the funds collected by the Democratic Party nationally and as much as 25% of the funds collected by the Republican Party.

These words, lifted from a recent American Jewish Congress study, "The Political Future of American Jews" by Earl Raab and Seymour Martin Lipset, furnish a primary clue to much of 20th-century history. They should be engraved in granite so future historians trying to decipher the mysterious and inexplicable workings of American foreign and domestic policy will have something to sink their teeth into.

Some 2.7% of the American population contributes more than 50% of the funds to a party that has dominated Congress for most of this century and as much as 25% of the funds to the other party, which has elected most of the presidents in this century. Such soaring facts are not easily dismissed by the specious arguments usually advanced to explain Jewish power, if anyone dares explain it at all.

Actually, the Jewish money that buys the good graces of Republican and Democratic candidates for office is a whale of a good investment. For every dollar Jews put out, the politicians return $100 in the form of economic and military aid to Israel. Today, this aid amounts to $3.75 billion a year — not a bad return for the millions that Jews pump into the Republican and Democratic parties in an election year.

The Jewish Telegraph Agency (Chicago Sentinel, March 14, 1985, p. 44) describes the huge financial outlays of Jews to political candidates another way. “The Jewish community's contributions to general national elections is 15 or 20 times greater than their proportion to the general population.”

What this news story didn't say is that as a result of these "contributions," the Jewish community in Israel gets 15 to 20 times more money from U.S. taxpayers than the American Jewish community gives the politicians.

Forced Feeding

It’s 30 days in jail for Roy McKoy, who just won't get around to obeying all those court orders telling him whom he must serve in his Marshall, Virginia, restaurant. McKoy was first jailed in 1967 for his segregationist syndrome, and he was in court again in 1974 on the same charges. In 1983 he refused to serve a black chauffeur. In return for pleading guilty to this misdemeanor, the Justice Department dropped six other criminal charges against him and one against his wife, who waited on tables. Last February, McKoy had to promise to put up a huge sign on his restaurant wall, proclaiming his willingness to serve all people of all hues and colors. He was then ordered to send a monthly racial breakdown of his customers to a U.S. Attorney, run some "corrective" advertising in a local paper and post a $500 bond. On top of all this, a would-be black female patron launched a civil suit against the discriminating restaurateur for violating her civil rights.

"What's this country going to be next?" McKoy asks. A good question. Right now it's reached the point where restaurant owners no longer can choose whom they wish to feed. Freedom to serve has gone the way of freedom of association. Freedom of residency may be next on the agenda. Just as McKoy has been forced to accept people he doesn't like into his restaurant, so we are being forced to accept people we don't like as our next-door neighbors. Who knows if the ultimate freedom, the freedom of the bedroom, will not also be abrogated by the courts? And how about integrated graveyards, with one mandatory white and one mandatory black corpse per double coffin?

Ugly Boxes

As in so much else, Jews are quite prominent in architecture. Tel Aviv is perhaps the most modern large city in the world, since it was practically built from scratch in the last half century. It is consequently a glaring example of Jewish architectural design. But even Jews admit it is one of the dreariest, most tasteless and ugliest agglomerations of buildings east of the South Bronx. In some ways Tel Aviv has duplicated the sterile frozen look of the Jewish-architected box monstrosities that have been popping up all over Zoo City in recent decades.
Cholly Bilderberger

Gervase Brackley, our favorite intellectual, was in town recently as the guest of honor at a luncheon given by his publishers. Now Toynbee Professor of Civilization and Challenge at Yale, Gervase is the author of over forty books on the ways in which civilizations in the past (and the present) can answer, or fail to answer, the challenges which inevitably arise. An Englishman by birth, he has lived and taught all over the world. Far from being a solitary recluse in an ivory tower, Gervase has always enjoyed the good life, too. In his long career — he is now eighty-seven — he has found time for pleasure, and the gossip of the time claimed he enjoyed liaisons with women as diverse as Iris Tree, Nancy Cunard, a member of the Royal family, Hilda Doolittle, Ellen Glasgow, Carole Landis, Diane de Broglie, and Kay Kendall. If he had the reputation of a dedicated scholar at Cambridge, he was known as a clubman in London and a boulevardier in Paris. His friends have run the gamut from E.M. Forster, Augustus John, Lytton Strachey, “Freddie” Ayers, Aldous Huxley and Gerald Heard to Tito, Charles Lindbergh, Howard Hughes, Bobby Jones and Errol Flynn. He still drinks his Churchillian bottle of brandy a day, and exercises regularly. In short, a man for all climes, seasons and drawing rooms, a man who has the respect of the world’s thinkers, and a remarkably common touch as well.

Gervase is currently busy on a book with a fascinating working title: Why Racialism Fails. “I first came to the idea during World War Two,” he says, “when I was serving on Montgomery’s staff as his personal adviser on civilization. I noted that although we officers were all racialists to some extent, none of us would really back those opinions beyond a certain point. Since the end of the war, of course, racialism has taken a terrible pounding and that point has retreated dramatically. The popular explanation is that the Holocaust has made any sort of racialist viewpoint impossible, but it can be argued that that is not the whole story. Or put as a question, how did the Holocaust make racialism impossible? What was the mechanism? It would seem to have turned on the fear of violating respectability, which, in turn, is a racial matter. Englishmen, as Shaw pointed out, are more fearful of doing the wrong thing than Frenchmen or Italians. Even today, a Frenchman can voice a subversive thought about Jews or Israel that an Englishman simply cannot. (Nor can a German.) Despite the immense numbers of minorities, the cultural thrust of the United States is still English, which means that, among other things, respectability is exceedingly important. This whole matter is intensely apparent in the rise and fall of racial attitudes in the life of T.S. Eliot, who was born in America of English stock, and then returned to England and became a formal Englishman. I shall send you some comments on him.”

Gervase was as good as his word, and did send these fragments from his working notes for Why Racialism Fails: “The literary world is familiar with Eliot’s alleged anti-Semitism, but apparently not so aware of his apostasy on the subject. The anti-Semitism is apparent in After Strange Gods, a compilation of the Page-Barbour lectures he gave at the University of Virginia in 1933. He argued in this instance that the United States was ‘worm-eaten by Liberalism,’ and ‘invaded by foreign races,’ in contrast to an ideally healthy society, which should be ‘homogeneous,’ with ties of ‘blood kinship’ without ‘adulteration’ by other races, and without the presence of ‘undesirable ... free-thinking Jews.’ His attitude was also apparent in the 1919 poem ‘Burbank with a Baedeker; Bleistein with a Cigar,’ which contains the famous line ‘The Jew is underneath the lot.’ Also, according to the biography by Peter Ackroyd published in 1984 (T.S. Eliot, A Life), in his unpublished correspondence between 1917 and 1929, Eliot made a number of pejorative references to Jews. Ackroyd assumes he may have been even franker in conversation and says, ‘All the available evidence suggests, then, that on occasions he made what were then fashionably anti-Semitic remarks to his close friends.’

“What we may say at this point is that until 1933, at least, Eliot had perceived that Jews posed a threat to the kind of society he supported. This was not an unusual feeling at the time. The irony, of course, is that it was widespread at a time when Jews had less power and posed a much weaker threat than today.

“Now comes evidence that Eliot retreated from this attitude after 1933. Ackroyd says of After Strange Gods, ‘he [Eliot] was later to disavow the book, and never allowed any part of it to be reprinted ... afterwards he attempted to excuse himself on the grounds that he, too, was “a very sick man” when he gave the lectures [in Virginia]: that, in other words, they reflected his own emotional condition.’ [The authority for this remark is in The Composition of Four Quartets, by Helen Gardner, 1978.] Then in 1949, while serving on the jury which awarded the Bollingen Prize to the imprisoned and overtly anti-Semitic and fascistic Ezra Pound, Eliot was himself attacked as an anti-Semite and intellectual neo-fascist by influential members of the intelligentsia in the United States, and became, according to Ackroyd, ‘thoroughly discomfited by the affair ... [and] refused to give any interviews to the press about the matter.’ In 1960, again according to Ackroyd, Eliot ‘insisted ... that certain lines about his alleged anti-Semitism should be removed from the preface to Wyndham Lewis’s selected letters. He was eager to put the past in order.’

“What we may say now is that after 1933, Eliot disavowed
the perception of a cultural Jewish threat which he had held until that time. The immediate question is: Did the threat diminish? The answer would have to be: No; if anything, it increased.

"Why then, would a moral and intelligent man who had taken a stand based on a perception retreat from that stand when the basis for the perception had increased? Overt cowardice is one answer, but probably not the correct one. Or the complete one. I suggest that the respectability factor lies at the bottom of his decision, and in almost an entirely unconscious fashion. That is, Eliot, like most Englishmen, was not afraid of physical violence from opponents, but — again like most Englishmen — he was mortally afraid of losing respectability. The Englishman cannot — with rare exceptions — fight in an unrespectable cause. Make the cause respectable, and he is the best fighter in the world. But take away that cloak and he turns tail. Or never starts.

"Eliot, after all, was childless and of independent means — at least by the end of World War Two — and could have afforded the espousal of an unpopular cause if anyone could. And, needless to say, the immense authority of his name would have had some weight. He would have had to do no more than to say: 'I said prior to 1933 that I consider the Jew — among many other factors — a threat to our culture, and I stick to that position.'

"It can be argued that this is expecting too much from any individual. That the forces which could be brought into play from 1945 on were so powerful that Eliot's peace of mind would have been destroyed, and he would have become an outcast. This may be true. Nevertheless, history is filled with examples of men who endured much worse rather than recant their beliefs.

"It can also be argued that Eliot did not understand just what he was doing. Like so many Englishmen, he could delude himself that he was not recanting for purely personal reasons, but that circumstances really had changed. He could tell himself, for example, that what had seemed a threat prior to 1933 was now — 1945 and later — no longer a threat.

"Another ironic aspect of this apostasy — it is replete with ironies — is that in youth and early middle age Eliot had wished to become a leader in defending and preserving the cultural values in which he believed. He devoted far more time — especially in the Twenties and Thirties — to such writing than he did to poetry. But when the hard decision came, he funk ed it.

"The Anglo-American situation could not change unless people like Eliot — that is, Englishmen, and Americans of English blood, of moral and cultural stature — speak out against that situation. As it is, such persons not only refuse to speak, but actively deny that there is a problem. Yes, there was Mosley and there is Powell. But Mosley destroyed his credibility by being too active, and Powell is alone. It takes more than one. But if there is to be only one, an Eliot still has far more weight than a Powell. After all, Eliot was a guru, Powell is only a politician.

"No matter where they end, groups like The Order start from the same perceptions that Eliot held prior to 1933: that the United States is 'worm-eaten by Liberalism' and 'invaded by foreign races,' and that a healthy American society should be 'homogeneous,' with ties of 'blood kinship' without 'adulteration' by other races. Except that in 1985 the worm-eating and the invasion and the adulteration are far more advanced than they were in 1933.

"Who knows if groups like The Order would ever have risen if men of stature had spoken out in numbers against the situation years ago and stuck to their beliefs? Imagine, if you will, a dialogue between Eliot and a poor, uneducated white who tells Eliot how grateful he is to find that his instinctive perceptions have been given tongue by Eliot — to which Eliot replies that he doesn't know what the poor fellow is talking about, and that he, the poor fellow, had best get back to his job at the local garage and forget about such things. It is this betrayal — it is not too strong a word — of the instincts of the herd which drives certain herd members outside their herd and into a violent frenzy. They know they are being lied to and they can't stand it. The pathetic insurrections of the fringe are caused by the funk of those at the top. By their abdication, they left racialism to the lower class, which meant that it became completely . . . unrespectable.

"To an outsider, it seems that those at the top are actually frightened of the Jews. This may be true subconsciously, but consciously Englishmen are controlled by respectability, which means that they are frightened by anything which contradicts the status quo. In 1885, the status quo was Victorian, and everyone quailed before the habits and customs of the era. In 1985, the status quo is permissive, chaotic and Jewish, and everyone quails before its habits and customs.

"It is, of course, yet another example of a civilization failing to rise to a challenge. Englishmen — and Americans of English descent — were able to rise to simple challenges like the Kaiser and Hitler because those challenges were aimed at the status quo and hence respectability itself. But the English temperament cannot cope with an enemy clever enough to manipulate that status quo and control the definition of what is respectable and what is not. Put another way, if Eliot could not cope in that situation, who could? Who can? In the Toynbee-an sense, this is the rock on which we are foundering.

"It is also interesting that such failure is not a matter of degree. That is, were the excesses of the Jews to become even more dangerous for the native culture than they are — and they will surely do so — excess itself will not drive those of moral and cultural authority to speak out. By that time — by this time, actually — the investment in silence will be — is — so enormous that it cannot be liquidated. The more damning the evidence, the greater will be the silence on the part of all Eliots. You can count on that.

"Which is not to say, of course, that the current situation will all go on forever any more than the Victorian Age or the British Empire went on forever. America is really very vulnerable and will come crashing down just as England did. But no matter how far the crash, and no matter how degrading the subsequent status quo, you may depend on all those of English descent accepting and supporting it."

In a personal postscript to these notes, Gervase added, "Lest you imagine that I consider myself exempt, let me hasten to assure you that I am a good Englishman and
terrified of rocking the boat. I support the status quo 100%, in private as well as in public, a fact I shall make very, very plain in the final version of Why Racialism Fails. And if necessary, I shall be as ready and anxious to recant any loose statements as T.S. himself."

In his stay in New York, Gervase certainly demonstrated that he is, in his definition, a very good Englishman and devoted to respectability. After lunch, we strolled across town to the Homage to E.B. White and Golda Meir Week being held at HARPS headquarters in the Mike Todd building, and he was one of the hits of the afternoon, agreeing with every position in The New Republic and even going beyond some. We shall be hearing more from this remarkable establishment pillar.

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Notes from the Sceptred Isle - John Nobull

There was a Nip in the air as the JAL plane dipped towards Narita airport. A hostess told us over the intercom that it was a "crowdy day" and hoped that we had a "present fright." The landing was smooth, and we walked straight out of the aircraft into the main building. Within ten minutes our baggage came down the ramp. I wheeled it over to a fairly tall, slim Japanese who did duty as both customs man and passport controller. He asked me my business and welcomed me to Japan.

I can't really say that I visited Japan with any strong predisposition in favour of the inhabitants. Too many friends of the family died in Japanese prison camps (where the worst of the guards were Korean). There was also the little matter of that large collection of Chinese porcelain which my uncle had on his rubber plantation in up-country Malaya -- which the Japanese borrowed and forgot to return.

However, I had one great advantage over the average Westerner in Japan, a set of criteria which, taken together, constitute a tool of discrimination -- useful even in cases where distinctions are blurred and obfuscated. Such an attitude of mind enabled me very quickly to perceive what could be of significance to me in an unfamiliar country.

Not that I went to Japan with my mind a complete tabula rasa as regards things Japanese. I have spent some time on their martial arts, though I have always felt that if anyone were to collect together the scattered unarmed fighting techniques of Europe (as Dr. Jigoro Kano created judo out of the techniques he found in many different monastic ju-jitsu schools), he might have a showing at least equally good. I have also long admired the economy and schools), he might have a showing at least equally good. I have also long admired the economy and schools), he might have a showing at least equally good.

In any case, when it is a matter of making the foreigner interesting to the husband to provide without interesting him in the final version of Things Japanese. I am not saying that they show much feminine, and very charmingly they do it, but it certainly doesn't seem to stop them being well-educated, efficient and humourous. People who describe themselves as servile are always unaware that all family investment in Japan is done by the wives. When bonds are issued or a mutual fund is founded, it is at the women that the advertising is chiefly aimed. It can hardly be said that they are trying to have it both ways like some Western women I know -- expecting the husband to provide without interesting themselves in financial details. I don't deny that Japanese femininity sometimes goes to extreme lengths. For example, a typical television programme will show a man huckstering a product with a wealth of eye-catching props, while a pretty little Mongoloid Miss says, "Hai, so desu" (Yes, that's right) at frequent intervals. I was assured by an earnest Western lady that this kind of behaviour can pall after a time, and agreed that it probably would -- after fifty years or so. Not for the first time, the appalling thought came unbidden to my mind, "My God, could it be that some modern Western women have something to learn?" Let us dismiss such subversive thinking firmly from our minds and hurry on to the next paragraph. Suffice it to say that Yoko Ono is not the last word on women in Japan, and that the children are very well behaved.

What surprised me was the politeness of Japanese men. I am not saying that they show much interest in the doings of the despised "gaijin" (foreigner), but why on earth should they? The best proof that the Japanese are a superior sort of people is the way in which they carry on with whatever they are doing without paying us any particular attention. When a young Englishman complained of their superiority complex, I put him right, pointing out that he did not have equal respect for all the different peoples he met and that he also preferred the company of his own kind. Do Englishmen goggle at outlandish tourists? By no means.

In any case, when it is a matter of making the foreigner
think well of their country, Japanese pull out all the stops. I will give three examples. On one occasion we overslept on a local train and failed to get out at our station. The guards heard about this, and at the next stop hurried us across the ticket office, where they said that we shouldn’t pay extra because we had made a mistake. They told the ticket collector to get us a taxi and rushed back to the train, explaining that they had to reach the next station on time. On another occasion, we wanted to view the crater of a volcano called Mount Aso, but it turned out to be in partial eruption. A little man, a retired policeman who picks up a few extra yen by picking up bits of rubbish, came across and spoke to my companion, who has a fluent command of Japanese. When he heard that we were disappointed, he asked us to get into his little rubbish van and drove us a few miles to a large cinema, standing quite by itself in the wilds. He wouldn’t take any money, and left us there to see an enormous eruption in 3-D. At a ryokan, or Japanese-style hotel, in Kyoto, the little middle-aged woman who looked after us in our room, pouring tea and handing out the raw fish and seaweed, conceived it as part of her duties to accompany us out into the street in the rain, in her ceremonial kimono and high-heeled clogs, hoping to find us a suitable restaurant. The concept of just wandering about for the hell of it is difficult to explain to the Japanese.

The great story of loyalty, known to every Japanese, is that of the dog Hatchko, who used to meet his master every day at Shibuya station when he came home from work. Then the man had to go away to the war, and never returned, but the dog continued to come to the station at the same time every day until he died. There is now a statue of the dog outside the station. When we forget loyalty, we inevitably and deservedly go to pieces. To spoil a good story, however, I must add that wild animals in Japan are often kept in hideously cramped conditions.

Always and everywhere, the Japanese refuse tips. For them, it downgrades the spirit of willing service. Nevertheless, they have an excellent system of bonuses for all the employees of a firm when it has had a good year. These handouts normally occur around Christmas time, when the correct greeting is “jinguru beru” (jingle bells), accompanied by a low bow.

In Japan there is astonishingly little crime. You can leave your suitcases alone in full view of everyone at a railway station and return in five minutes to find them untouched. We did this again and again. When questioned about this, the Japanese say that in their culture crime is discouraged. Nor is there a drug problem. The local policeman is expected to make himself known to every householder in his locality. If a teenager becomes an addict, he is kept at the police station until his cold turkey is over. Few care to undergo that experience twice. Nor do the Japanese waste time suing each other. There are 650,000 lawyers in America, rising to 700,000, and Japan would have 350,000 lawyers if their number was proportionate to the population. In fact, they have 35,000.

In view of this, it is hardly surprising that the international press goes out of its way to denigrate social life in Japan. It would never do to have Westerners thinking that it is better to solve problems than live with them and agonise over them in the correct liberal fashion. Great play is made with the phenomenon of organised gangsterism in Japan, which concentrates on brothels and pornography. The latter is both blatant and sometimes horrifying, with great emphasis on sado-masochism. Probably the sociologists are right to regard this as a release from the considerable constraints associated with living in an overcrowded society. Still, sex in Japan is rather like sex in Victorian England. It happens all right, but the man is at work on time the next day and keeps his two lives separate. What is more, the massage parlours in Japan are just that, and they provide an excellent service. They are not like California massage parlours, where a little inexpert groping is followed by an invitation to contract herpes. The brothels, incidentally, are called Turkish baths, and a Turkish diplomat has made himself into a household name in Japan by conducting a campaign to have the name changed, as being derogatory to his nation. The Japanese find this highly amusing, but are complying with his demands. I did in fact meet a gangster one day. He had the top joint of his little finger hacked off to show his devotion to his secret society.

The Japanese are not good at large-scale concepts. I did not see a single harmonious town to compare with Sarlat, Rothenburg or Bath. Their cities “just grew.” Large, ugly buildings dominate the skyline. But in every street there are evidences of small-scale civilisation: a little temple, a little restaurant, little shops. There are no supermarkets in Japan, and most necessities are supplied on a personal basis by a small shopkeeper. This, together with the high tariffs protecting Japanese agriculture, accounts for relatively high prices, but it also helps to provide full employment. Everyone works, even if the job only involves bowing to customers at the entrance of a lift in a department store (they do have some of these) and telling them what is on each floor.

When they set out to do something specific, the Japanese do it very well. Take the Shinkansen trains, the fastest in the world. Service is excellent, and all sorts of refreshments are sold. The trains glide along without giving the impression of speed, and almost every seat is booked.

Where computers are concerned, the Japanese are trying to produce a fifth generation which will do a lot of our simpler thinking for us. Not that I wish them to succeed in beating IBM. Nor do I expect that they will, though one very enterprising Japanese company is now outselling Big Blue in Japan. IBM has so much brainpower going for it worldwide, which is why the Japanese got caught red-handed spying on its operations. They are still behind the Americans as hardware specialists, and they don’t measure up to them in software, either. Programming, as opposed to electronic engineering, just isn’t their thing. As a matter of fact, I fully expect that the new pan-European software network dreamed up by Italian firms, will outdo even the Americans in this field.

I can see no earthly reason why the rest of the world should go on accepting massive Japanese export surpluses. The people of this crowded island must learn to like Western imports, and pay their own people more so they can buy them. They must take more of their money abroad as tourists, and they must allow their currency to strengthen considerably. Otherwise, they are going to wake up one
day and run into high tariff walls. International trade is not a zero-sum game. It benefits both parties when it is balanced, but one country’s surplus is another country’s deficit, and the country placed in debt has no choice other than to defend itself.

Still, the very efficiency of Japan, seen from a different standpoint, is of inestimable benefit to us. As Prime Minister Fukada made himself highly unpopular by pointing out, the Western failure to compete is mainly due to its large-scale importation of cheap, second-rate immigrant labour. At least the Japanese economic threat prevents our multiracial societies from discriminating too brazenly against their more dynamic native elements. That is why I expect Japan to be the next public enemy number one, provided the destruction of white South Africa goes according to plan.

After the dropping of two atomic bombs on Hiroshima and Nagasaki, the Emperor went on the air and surrendered, beginning his speech with a statement to the effect that the war had gone ‘not necessarily’ to Japan’s advantage. He is as much revered as ever, and many peasants are glad to go to work for nothing in the gardens of his palace in Tokyo, while the middle classes are quietly proud of his international reputation as a marine biologist. So much for those who regard royalty as an anachronism.

In case you are thinking that I am going soft on a foreign race, in the usual Western way, get this: Every foreigner in Japan has to carry his residence permit with him at all times, and the police demand that he produce it if any unpleasantness should occur. If this should happen too often, he is politely requested to leave the country. It is perfectly easy to identify a foreigner because no non-Japanese, not even the half-million Koreans who have been in Japan for generations, is allowed to have Japanese nationality. The Japanese even have a religion, Shintoism, which proclaims that they, unlike other mortals, are descended from gods.

Another point about Japanese religion is that, although Shintoism has always had the support of the authorities, Buddhism is much more popular. As Kipling versified:

Yet spare us still the Western joke,
When joss-sticks turn to scented smoke
The little sins of little folk
That worship at Kamakura

Buddhism, of course, is more pacifist than Christianity ever was. Yet the Japanese have had no more difficulty keeping up their fighting spirit than the Europeans or Americans did in Christianity’s heyday. So it would seem that it is the notions of the Enlightenment, particularly egalitarianism and undiscriminating tolerance, which have sapped our will to survive.

One man who certainly won’t go along with me as regards the Japanese is a tough Dutchman who spent the war in their prison camps watching his comrades die around him like swatted flies. After selling most of his clothes in order to eat, he used to plaster himself with mud in the evening. If it dried in time, he got through the night without getting too cold. When it didn’t, he caught dreadful rheumatism which he still has. A few years back, he was interviewed on Hong Kong television, and the interviewer asked him why he couldn’t forgive the Japanese for what had happened so long ago. He replied that if it was a matter of forgiveness, why didn’t the Jews begin forgiving the Germans a little?

Perhaps the best postscript I can provide to a piece of writing on Japan consists of my reflections on visiting Glover House, which stands in a fine position overlooking Nagasaki Bay. Glover was a vigourous Englishman who laid the first tarmacked road in Japan and also built railways. He laid out extensive gardens, which still exist, and became a rich man, marrying a Japanese. Of course, he failed to establish a dynasty, because half-castes just don’t match up to expectations, and no one knows it better than the Japanese. They blame the high rate of miscegenation of the Japanese in California on their feeling of being demeaned because Japan is no longer their home. To some extent this same feeling leads to miscegenation among Westerners, as more and more come to realise that they, too, are becoming homeless. I was pondering all these things in my mind as I took off from the Land of the Rising Sun for the Land of the Setting Sun.

Jewish Author Brands Ancient Greek Cities with Swastikas

Published by Macmillan in 1928, The Graphic Bible by the noted Jewish scholar, Lewis Browne, contained this map in which swastikas were placed in front of the names of Greek cities and colonies in ancient Palestine. Evidently, the Hakenkreuz was used by Jews to identify inimical non-Jews two millennia before the establishment of the Third Reich.
Even though Americans are becoming dumber and less physically appealing with each passing year (dysgenic breeding and sedentary lifestyles do not conduce to svelteness), the average person now spends more time than ever "in the company" of handsome human specimens. All he or she need do is flick on the TV and turn to a channel where Howard Cosell or the cast of Taxi is not appearing.

Actually, all the glamorous figures seen on television may be contributing to Middle America's out-of-control dumpiness, as well as turning them into slack-jawed "couch potatoes." There is a strong and growing correlation between fatness and failure in the present-day USA. Today when people fail at something -- anything -- one automatic response is to "pig out," to "reward" oneself for "enduring" with a big bag of chips and three chocolate bars. Everyone is being spoiled rotten. When Mr. X or Mrs. Y can't enjoy some minor personal triumph -- because of their own ineptitude -- they simply must have some form of compensatory gratification. So it's "reach for the sweets," which are always at hand. A quick sugar fix makes the day's failures acceptable.

In the past, hardcore losers could live together and get a lift out of comparing their woes. No more. Now there's TV, and a flick of the switch instantly summons to the dreariest prole living room Jacklyn Smith, Tom Selleck and Candace Bergen & Co., doing all the glamorous things such people do in their California fantasyland. This has a profoundly demoralizing effect on Joe Blow in Kokomo, who is tube-glued six or seven hours a day. He feeds his face continuously as a way of getting subconscious "revenge" on Tom Selleck.

By bringing an endless parade of "winners" -- even such sleazy winners as J.R. Ewing -- into Everyman's living room or bedroom, TV often has a devastating effect on the viewer's self-esteem. To recoup their shattered egos, millions of the brightest, handsomest, most ambitious young Americans are abandoning small towns and heading for the bright urban lights, there to practically cease reproducing. Meanwhile, the physically (and mentally) dumpy specimens are left behind in Tinytown to have their three or four children. With each generation the people inhabiting many of our smaller towns grow fatuously fatter.

The siren call of the cities, amplified to a screech by TV, is bleeding our boondocks dry of human beauty. One solution would be to shut off the electronic Lorelei and turn popular culture in a more "folkish" direction, to phase out artificial "glamor" and phase in plainer virtues, and to make small-town folks feel better about themselves and their way of life.

* * *

Dan Rather has been terribly disturbed about the neo-Nazis in our midst and the sequential arrests of members of The Order or whatever the media choose to call those overanxious Majority revolutionaries in the Northwest who were featured for several weeks in his half hour of news, sports and dental adhesive commercials.

But how disturbed has Injun Dan been at much more revolutionary "revolutionary movements," which in the past dozen years have planted 150 bombs, killed several policemen and scores of ordinary American citizens? We are speaking here of such organizations as the Republic of New Afrika, the Black Liberation Army and various Puerto Rican terrorist groups. The Order may have had a member or two who killed a Jewish radio talk show host in Denver and a state trooper, and the gang as a whole may have robbed a Brink's armored car and committed a few other sundry crimes, but the nonwhite groups have robbed not only Brink's trucks, but killed two cops and a guard in the process, murdered several bystanders and "enemies," put bombs in the Capitol, in the FBI headquarters in New York, the U.S. Customs Building in Brooklyn, the National War Center and the Washington, D.C., Navy Yard.

The Order, in its weird way, was working in behalf of the American Majority. The nonwhite revolutionary groups would like nothing better than to kill off every Majority member except the most attractive blondes, who would be reserved for the leaders' harems.

In view of the time he devoted to the subject, Dan apparently thinks that the killing of a Jewish talk-show host in Denver by a white is 100 times more serious than the killing or maiming of a dozen whites by nonwhites.

* * *

The biggest new show of the 1984-85 television season is The Cosby Show. As Bill Cosby himself has pointed out, one of the chief ideas behind the sitcom is to show blacks in an American middle-class context, having (as this sort of rhetoric usually goes) "the same hopes and dreams as all the rest of us." This is supposed to provide a healthy counterweight to the usual caricatures of blacks presented both in "blaxploitation" films (a genre mercifully virtually extinct these days) and other television series (like Webster and The Jeffersons).

Contrary to what Cosby might think, the idea of reinforc-
ing racial hyper-equalitarian mythology by presenting blacks as "plain, ordinary, middle-class folks, just like you and me" is nothing new on TV; witness the incessant bombardment presented by TV commercials featuring middle-class blacks. Since the two chief scriptwriters for The Cosby Show are John Marcus and Elliot Schoenman, it looks like the rule still holds that every black show, middle class or no class, must germinate in the fertile brains of Farrakhan haters.

Instauration nominates for TV Movie of the Month a 1975 thriller described in this fashion in the TV section of the Albany Times Union (Feb. 17, 1985):

★★½ "Dr. Black, Mr. Hyde" (1975, Suspense) Bernie Casey, Rosalind Cash. Searching for a cure for liver disease, a black ghetto physician tests an experiment on himself, turning white and embarking on a prostitute-killing spree (2 hrs).

Bernie Casey, should any reader want to know, is one of those black ex-football players turned "actors" (another egregious example being alleged rapist Jim Brown, Hugh Hefner's good buddy and sempiternal Playboy Mansion guest). Casey is mentioned in Gay Talese's book, Thy Neighbor's Wife, as one of those who hung around Sandstone, the Southern California "touchy-feely" emporium of sex therapy. Max Lerner was another Sandstone hangover -- for similar reasons, no doubt (access to young Majority females). I believe Lerner, now in his 80s and still writing pro-Israel columns for the New York Post, recently married a Majority woman in her 30s. Lerner is also said to have had an affair with Elizabeth Taylor.

Lest we forget. When the Wallenbergs arrived in Sweden a few centuries ago, they were a Jewish family. Today they are "Righteous Gentiles." No doubt they've done a lot of shikse-izing over the generations, but somehow the Jewish writers of the recent Wallenberg doctored-drama on network TV didn't think it necessary to inform the viewers of this interesting bit of genealogy.

### Talking Numbers

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<th>Number</th>
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<tr>
<td>20</td>
<td>The nearly bankrupt country of Jamaica spent more than $18 million in 1983 on lobbying in the U.S. Britain spent $21 million, Japan $17.5 million, and the Sandinista government of Nicaragua a pittance $169,838.</td>
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<td>16</td>
<td>Five 16-year-old and four 17-year-old students, all as tight as ticks, vandalized their high school in Salem, Massachusetts, to the tune of $500,000 in a four-hour rampage. 70 school rooms were savaged, including the TV studio, the computer laboratory and the library, where every book was pulled off the shelves.</td>
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<td>64</td>
<td>Resident aliens, who are disabled or over 64, can sign up for Supplemental Security Income (SSI), whose funds come out of general taxes, not Social Security, and receive up to $295 a month and free medical care 30 days after they arrive in the U.S.</td>
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<td>11</td>
<td>Bill Handel, a Los Angeles shyster, is in the baby business. For $40,000 he will sell a childless couple an infant produced by a surrogate mother. His invoice breaks down as follows: $10,000 for the woman who does all the work, $6,000 for him, $10,000 for medical costs and $14,000 for miscellaneous insurance, plane fares, hotel accommodations, etc., etc. Handel has already made 26 sales.</td>
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Although the U.S. quit UNESCO in 1984, high-living black Director General Amadou-Mahtar M'Bow has invoiced the U.S. $47 million for its 1985 membership fee.

Foreign diplomats have been responsible for 546 serious crimes in Britain during the past decade. Diplomatic immunity was successfully claimed in every case.

In the past, physical requirements for joining the Vancouver, B.C., police force were minimum height 5'8" (5'4" for women), maximum weight 165 lbs., maximum age 35. At the command of minority groups, all these restrictions have now been scuttled. Theoretically, scarecrows, dwarfs and centenarians can now become Vancouver cops.

Sarah Gordon's new book, Hitler, Germans and the "Jewish Question" (Princeton Univ. Press, 1984) reveals that all but 11 of the 161 private banks in Weimar, Berlin were in Jewish hands. With less than 1% of the German population, Jews in 1930 controlled 25% of the retail trade and constituted nearly 20% of the university faculties. In Prussia, 25% of the lawyers and 30% of the higher judiciary were Jewish.

American textbooks contain between 30% and 80% less material on evolution today than 10 years ago, according to a recent U.S. News and World Report article.
Almost 99% of what a university study calls non-Hispanic whites marry within their own racial group, as do 99% of black women and 97% of black males. (Source: Center for Social and Demographic Analysis, State University of New York at Albany)

In 1984 the revenues of black-owned companies declined to 7% of overall black income. In 1969 the figure was 13.5%.

Blacks are believed to buy half of all the cognac sold in the U.S.

One-fourth of the 165 federal judges appointed by Reagan in his first term are millionaires, 98% are Republicans, 92% male, 2 are black and 8 Hispanic. Of the 187 Carter appointees to the federal bench, 15% were women, 90% were Democrats, 37 were blacks and 16 were Hispanics.

The 3 top disciplinary problems in public schools in 1940, according to the Biblical News Service, were (1) talking, (2) chewing gum, (3) making noise. The top 3 in 1982 were (1) rape, (2) robbery, (3) assault.

Marvin Davis, reputedly America's richest Jew, paid Henry Kissinger and Gerald Ford $50,000 each for serving on the board of 20th Century Fox in 1983. This was at the time the company was half-owned by Marc Rich, now a fugitive from justice living in Switzerland and America's -- and probably history's -- biggest tax dodger. Rupert Murdoch has offered Davis, who bought out Rich, $175 million for a half interest in his film company.

Some 70 Jewish PACs gave $3.6 million to Zionist and pro-Zionist political candidates in the 1984 elections. 79% of the money went to Democrats. The largest amount, $270,675, was given to Paul Simon, the mezuza senator who defeated Charles Percy.

There are nearly 200 million guns in the possession of U.S. civilians, 60 million of them handguns. In 1980, 250,000 handguns were sold in this country. From November 1963 to November 1982, nearly half a million Americans were killed by gunfire in the 50 states, compared to 47,318 American battle deaths in the Vietnam War.

THE NATIONAL ASSOCIATION OF HISPANIC CIVIL RIGHTS, situated in the Bronx, sounds like a rather respectable group, considering the neighborhood. And ROBERT MUNOZ, its chairman, sounds like a respectable civil rights official. But names can be deceiving, especially in the semantic morass of minority racism. When Munoz failed to persuade Citibank to "contribute" to his and other community groups, he squeezed blobs of glue into 70 of the bank's automatic teller machines.

PAY-integration" has been approved by the VILLAGE BOARD of Oak Park, Illinois, by a five-to-one vote. Now the 55,000 residents of this mainly white suburb must hand out $400,000 in grants and subsidies each year to those landlords and tenants who do the most to racially integrate the town's housing.

Like JOHN ("MR. FERRARO") ZACCARO, Queens executive MOHAN LALWANI just wanted to raise some extra money for his business. So, like "Mr. Ferraro," he fudged some documents here and there to obtain $8 million in fraudulent loans from New York banks, and $12 million from foreign banks. Lalwani is an Indian national, but his chances of being deported are no greater than Zaccaro's chances of serving time in prison.

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There are perhaps 500 Jewish families in all of the Hawaiian Islands, but that doesn't stop Senator DANIEL INOUYE from adorning his rolltop desk with a bronze menorah and tacking a silver candelabrum to his office wall and hanging a ram's horn used in Jewish New Year services beside a painting of the Wailing Wall. The occa­sional visitor could be forgiven for thinking he had strayed into a synagogue. Inouye explains his Judeophilia by saying he had delved deeply into Judaism for a time under the supervision of a rabbi and was almost on the point of converting. It need not be added that Inouye is one of the staunchest supporters of Israel. Once in his pre-politi­cal days he was an Israel bond salesman. In 1983 the Senator made $8,000 speaking before Jewish groups.

British readers are pondering over a new biography of LORD AND LADY MOUNT­BATTEN, Britain's swingiest aristocratic couple a few decades ago. Louis was a cousin of Queen Elizabeth, his wife the granddaughter of the filthy rich Jewish banker, Ernest Cassel. Mountbatten, who was assassinated by the IRA in 1979, is quoted as saying, "Edwina and I spent all our married lives getting into other people's beds." It is just as well that degenerate, racially overtolerant Lord Louis did not specify the sex of his bed partners.

Half of the 97,000 denizens of Miami Beach, writes the New York Times, are Jewish. To keep the 43,500 better half happy, the city has a kosher inspector, although such a public job violates both the letter and the spirit of the Constitution. Needless to say, the few complaints that a few civil libertarians have made have gotten nowhere. The position pays $26,806 a year to the present occupant, Rabbi MANISH SPITZ. It recently became a center of controversy because the unions have been demanding that it be turned into a civil service job. They want their dues! If they are successful, Rabbi Spitz will have to compete, says Miami Beach's personnel director, Ernest Barham, "with anyone else who cares to take the exam."

WHITNEY NORTH SEYMOUR JR., the former U.S. Attorney who now heads a leading New York law firm, belongs to "one of the oldest Republican-aligned fam­ilies in America." Recently, speaking before the Ripon Society and the Freedom Republicans, Seymour called for a black mayor in New York. It bothers him mightily that, although the nation's second, third, fourth and sixth most populous megalopo­lises have black mayors, his city (#1) and Houston (#5) have bucked the trend.

The late mobster ALLEN DORFMAN, who was gunned down in a Chicago parking lot two years ago, looted the Teamsters Union Health Fund of tens of millions of dollars. Yet his heirs and associates will only have to pay back $4.4 million, as part of a "compromise" agreement signed in February by Attorney General William French Smith. It is believed that Dorfman's greatest wealth came from his "special relationship" with the Teamsters' $5.3-bil­lion pension fund. The $300-million health fund was peanuts by comparison. Whether the nation's hard-working truck drivers will recover one cent of their lost pension mon­ey remains doubtful.

TONY COELHO, the super-liberal Demo­cratic Party firebrand, was blackballed by the Hispanic Caucus in Congress because he is of Portuguese, not Spanish descent. But when some Congressional hacker discovered that the Romans called the Iberian Peninsula Hispania, Coelho was wel­comed with open arms. Another California Democratic Representative, however, the white renegade FORTNEY STARK, was turned down flat when he applied for mem­bership in the Congressional Black Caucus. This group, which purports to represent the interests of black Americans, has always rejected whites, even whites who have maj­ority black or substantially black districts. Stark's district is 10% black.

Three summers ago, Thomas Peterson stopped at a highway rest area on the Me­nominee Indian Reservation in northern Wisconsin to ask FOUR MEN and FOUR WOMEN for directions. The group slashed his tires, dragged him from the car, then stabbed and drowned him.

Nine-year-old Shane Smith was standing with a friend at a school bus stop in Hous­ton when HUY NGUONG DUONG ap­proached him and, without provocation, started burning him with a lit cigarette. Duong then stabbed Smith about 75 times before passersby could pull him loose. The boy's mother ran to her dying son as the futile ambulance arrived. The Houston Chronicle spoke of Duong's "history of mental illness" but declined to speculate on a racial motive.

JEAN-BEDEL ("I never ate anybody") BOKASSA, the deposed emperor of the Central African Empire, is unable to meet the utility bills on his French castle. Though he reportedly fled with $1 billion only six years ago, he now accuses France's human rights groups of ignoring his chilly and "op­ pressed" living conditions.

The BLACK HEBREW ISRAELITES are a Chicago-based sect which has partly relocated to the Holy Land. One way the sect raises money is by peddling stolen airline tickets. The major carriers estimate that they have lost nearly $10 million in fares to the colored Jews over the past six years. In early March, Chicago police raided a sect center and found a ticket-validating machine stolen from O'Hare International Air­port, a camera stolen from the Illinois sec­retary of state's staff, 100 packed suitcases and related items. But detectives warned that the same ring has been "cracked" be­fore in other cities, only to have the sus­pects jump bail and go about their business again.
Canada. Those who thought Pierre Trudeau was bad, should listen to the rhetoric of Jack Murta, minister of state for multiculturalism in the new “Conservative” government. Speaking before a University of British Columbia audience of 100 people of every conceivable creed and color, Murta argued that previous Canadian governments’ “never properly explored or developed the real potential of multiculturalism.” In the past, the stress had been on maintaining identities; now it would be on intercultural relations and mixing, which would become the new “mainstream” of Canadian life. Under the Conservatives, Murta promised, “there will be no compromise on multiculturalism.” Those in high places in every sector of society would be asked to assume an “advocacy role,” actively promoting the concept: “[Multiculturalism] must be seen as part of what it means to be a Canadian . . . an integral part of the fabric of this country.” (There’s that word “must” again.)

In the best tradition of Margaret Thatcher and Ronald Reagan, Murta ended by noting, “Multiculturalism is good for business.” A racial kaleidoscope would give Canada access to wider markets and opportunities abroad! (Right, Jack -- until all that glorious mixing you’re so keen on leaves the entire population as uniformly swarthy as a crowd in Calcutta.)

Not every official in Canada is taking the new racial decrees lying down. Mary Casillo, 72, is an alderman and municipal ombudsman in Saanich, a suburban town on Vancouver Island. Her public declarations that inter-racial marriages should be stopped and nonwhite immigrants should be denied voting rights, which she bases on Biblical authority, have provoked the wrath of the Greater Victoria (B.C.) Jewish community. So far, Saanich Mayor Mel Couvelier has upheld Casillo’s rights to her own opinions, perhaps because she regularly outdraws everyone else in votes at election time and has received wide support for her latest remarks. But, if past experience means anything, Mayor Couvelier will probably melt like butter when the minority heat is turned up higher.

Britain. From a subscriber. One of the more interesting books published or rather republished in Britain last year was The Profession of Violence -- the Rise and Fall of the Kray Twins by John Pearson (Grenada, 1972, revised 1984). The author was invited by Ronald Kray, the dominant twin, to write the story of the two brothers who dominated London crime for a great part of the 1960s. Pearson was introduced to them in the large country house of a man who was later imprisoned for arson, including the arson of the house in which the introduction took place. When the police net finally began to close on Ronald, he became pathologically suspicious, and Pearson was warned to keep away. Only after the twins had been jailed in 1969 did the author feel it was safe to begin work on their biography. Even now Pearson says legal laws prevent much of the story from being told. Ronald had showed him letters from many leading public figures, financiers and top businessmen, letters which some solicitors had warned him not to use. One day while he was away from his house, all the correspondence vanished. It is possible that the police were finally able to move in on the Krays because some of these prominent figures were alarmed that Ronald was going to allow the contents of the letters to become public.

The Krays were born “in a part of the East End where the poorest Jews married the poorest Irish.” The twins were the product of just such a union, plus a seasoning of Gypsy blood. Their father was a WWII deserter. Ronald was a psychopathic homosexual who wanted his brother to keep away from women “because they were dirty and carried disease.” His sexual perversion seems to have been the basis for his wide influence at high levels, especially his ability to provide East End boys for prominent West End queers. One such was Tom Driberg, the chairman of the Labour Party, who later became Lord Bradwell. In his autobiography, Driberg claimed to have eased the last years of master spy Guy Burgess in Moscow by finding him a young man at a “well-known” pick-up spot in the Russian capital.

As homosexuality was illegal in Britain until 1967, the Krays were able to exert a powerful influence on those for whom they procured youths. In 1963 the papers published photos of Lord Boothby, formerly Sir Robert Boothby and Churchill’s private secretary, with the Kray brothers. It was hinted that he received favors similar to those offered Driberg. Boothby sued and was awarded £40,000 in damages, thereby silencing the press on the subject of the Krays for a long time. Boothby, president of the Anglo-Israel Association (1962-75), denied being a homosexual and attempted to prove it. Although a Scots aristocrat in his sixties, he married the young daughter of a Sardinian fisherman.

Alan Bruce Cooper, “the international crook who was helped by the Krays to launder funds stolen in the U.S.,” introduced Joe Klugman, “a tiny, Jewish Sicilian,” to Ronald. It was Klugman who put Ronald in touch with the lower echelon of the Mafia in New York. Ronald entertained grandiose plans for a British-Jewish-American crime network until 1968 when he was finally arrested. He has been in prison ever since. That he was arrested a few months after the homosexuality laws were changed may be significant.

Ronald’s ambition was to live the life of an English gentleman on a country estate with a blond catamite in the role of wife. He was recently in the news again when he got married in gaol. Perhaps the AIDS scare made him realize women are not the only ones carrying disease.

Fascinating is the word for Albanian Assignment by David Smiley (Chatto and Windus, London, 1984). The author joined the Royal Horse Guards in 1936 and served with them in Syria, Iran and Iraq and the Arabian desert. In 1943 he was recruited into the SOE (Special Operations Executive) and was ordered to Albania and Siam. After WWII, he attended a Staff College, was assistant military attaché in Warsaw (1952-55), commanded a British regiment in Germany (1955-58), went to Stockholm as military attaché (1958-61) and commanded the Sultan of Oman’s armed forces (1962-66). His last job was that of military adviser to the Imam of Yemen.

In his book Smiley concentrates on his adventures as an SOE officer in Albania. The foreword written by Patrick Leigh-Fermor warns:

As we know, our secret wartime apparatus was a kind of unknowing nurse, now and then, to figures tiptoeing blandly along the [Kim] Philby Path to ribbons and high office and chairs of learning whose real rewards should have been the Red Banner and a comfortable dacha . . . . There is a moment of sudden horror [in the SOE] towards the end, far worse than all the dangers on the spot, the sudden awareness that persons in their own section at GHQ were working against them.

After Smiley had joined the SOE, he was sent to a training establishment on Mt. Carmel in Palestine (early 1943). Among the trainees were “some 36 Arabs and Jews who later used their expertise against the British.” He goes on:

A short time after our course had ended a spectacular raid was launched against our training school. The entire contents of the armoury, including 30 machine guns, were stolen. Two military 3-ton lorries were allowed to drive into the camp by Jewish security guards. Having broken into the armoury and loaded the contents onto the lorries, they drove off, taking not only the guards but the security officer who was himself a Jew. It later transpired that all were members of the Jewish Agency and no doubt the arms were used later by the Jewish underground fighting the British. The unfortunate commander had to face court martial.
It is interesting to learn that Jews in Palestine were disrupting the Allied war effort in this way -- which, of course, did not stop them from complaining that more should have been done to help them at that time.

In WWII, Smiley and a few companions got into Albania, where, after training some guerrillas, they persuaded them to attack a small German force. The 800 Albanians broke and fled before 18 Germans. Albanian guerrillas were divided into various groups, the most important being the Zogists (followers of King Zog) and the Communist partisans. The latter made all kinds of dramatic claims which were duly trumpeted to the outside world, but Smiley could find no evidence any of the highly touted operations ever took place. The Reds, he states, were in fact holding back their forces for a civil war.

Since SOE agents carried gold sovereigns to pay their way, they had to be careful not to be murdered by the people they had been sent to help. In Bulgaria, guerrillas killed several British agents for their gold.

At war's end SOE headquarters ordered British officers to return through Communist partisan territory. Those who did were treated with every possible discourtesy and public humiliation to demonstrate the weakness of the West.

One gruesome incident concerned 2,000 Turkistani soldiers who had murdered their Russian officers and deserted to the Germans. In Albania these soldiers offered to repeat their performance, only this time on their German officers. The offer was accepted and carried out.

On their return to HQ at Bari, Italy, Smiley and his men were astonished to hear staff personnel accuse them of being fascists. He learned that many of the messages his group had sent to Foreign Secretary Anthony Eden, who had overall responsibility for their operations, had never been delivered.

Smiley mentioned that many of the parachutes used by SOE agents who were dropped into Greece and Albania were made of a kind of cotton only used for dropping supplies. As a result, many SOE men were nearly killed. He later discovered that some of Tito's partisans, recuperating in Bari, had been used to pack these parachutes.

The Germans, Smiley writes, were very thinly spread out in Greece. In several towns there were no German troops at all, and Smiley’s men were overwhelmed with secret messages requesting them to do something about the terrorism of the Greek Communist occupants. This at a time when the world was only told of German terror in Greece and of the heroic Greek resistance!

One of the senior SOE officers at Bari was a Jewish radical named Klugman (unrelatable to Ronald Kray's friend), who later became a high muckety-muck of the British Communist Party. Without knowing it at the time, Smiley had two sets of enemies -- the Germans, whom he was fighting against, and the Russians, whom he was fighting for.

The British public has just been informed by their own video services that Nazi Germany had the world's first public television service in 1936. In the same year Germany also started the first video telephone service between Berlin and Leipzig. How many countries have one today? In 1939, when the U.S., U.K. and USSR closed their fledgling television studios, Germany kept hers open. After the fall of France, the Germans operated the world's biggest TV studio in Paris.

A Japanese survey has shown that no less than 55% of man’s ‘significant inventions’ have been the work of Britons, who have not been as effective in capitalizing on them.

‘Red Ken’ Livingstone has compared the Zionists to Nazis, raising a great hubbub in London. He did this to attract the Asian vote, much of it Moslem. But it turns out that Ken has a jewess as personal assistant (Nita Clark), whose father is a lecturer at the University of Tel Aviv. As the forgiving Nita points out, since Ken came to power he has given £750,000 of public revenues to Jewish groups, although the Jewish community in Britain is extremely wealthy and sends millions of pounds to Israel each year. It is interesting that Red Ken and that other highly publicized Red militant, Arthur Scargill, who boasts that his very unfruitful miners' strike has cost the country several billion pounds, both have young Jewesses as their personal assistants.

In Instauration (Nov. 1984), “Up the Devolution” lists Northumbria as one of the “nations” wanting an independent status. In fact, talk about Northumbria is a glaring example of the continuing attack on English identity. The Liberal Party, seeing the success of their devolution ploy in Scotland and Wales, decided to extend this maneuver into the north of England and started a campaign for a Northumbrian parliament. The mastermind of this scheme was a homosexual university lecturer named Paul Temperton, a short, sallow young man who had previously been secretary to the Campaign for Homosexual Equality. “Campaign for the North” was the sly political catchword invented for the project because such major towns as Sheffield and Manchester had been part of the kingdom of Mercia, not Northumbria, whereas Edinburgh had been part of Northumbria and is believed to have been named after King Edwin of Northumbria.

In spite of much media hoopla and a great many expended guineas, the campaign failed to get off the ground. It had no historic roots. Northumbrians were English; indeed the writer of The History of the English Church and Nation was a Northumbrian and dedicated that book to King Cæloric of Northumbria, who himself became a monk. Incidentally, after Pope Gregory had made his famous pun, non Angli sed Angeli (not English but angels), when told some good-looking youths being sold in the Roman slave market were English, he asked which part of England they came from and was told Deira. He then made a second pun, saying the people there must be converted to Christianity and so saved from Dei Ira (the wrath of God). Deira was a district of Northumbria and included what are now the counties of Durham and Northumberland.

In spite of all the historical evidence, the devolutionists tried to deny that the Northumbrians were English by asserting they were closely connected to the Scotch and Welsh. This says more for the antecedents of the devolution leaders than for historical truth. One was even of Polish heritage. The magazine for the “campaign for the North” tended to be full of such articles of Northumbrian interest as “The Progress of the Homophile Movement.” Not surprisingly, the whole project soon collapsed and its general secretary, Paul Temperton, the militant northerner, moved to London, where he now devotes most of his time to his real love, the gay movement.

It's become almost impossible to stage a decent fox hunt in parts of England. Groups like the Hunt Saboteurs' Association, which once contented themselves with laying false scents for the hounds, now pick fights with the dogs' masters. A militant group called the Hunt Retribution Squad recently hatched a scheme to disintegrate the body of the tenth Duke of Beaufort, dismember it and send the parts to prominent hunters and fishermen.

Princess Anne would have gotten the Duke's head, had the plot succeeded. Ronnie Lee, spokescreature for the Animal Liberation Front, had no sympathy for the intended victims:

The Duke of Beaufort was a very nasty human being. I find it hard to sympathize with his family. They are all torturers. They are despicable. I will not condemn violence because it is entirely provoked by the other side.
The ALF claims to have nearly 3,000 members, all vegetarians. They and their allies have begun raiding animal research labs, "liberating" the dogs, cats, monkeys and white mice at the point of a crowbar or baseball bat. One wonders if this ever happens in India, where the critics are considered sacred but the people, all too often, are not.

Recently, some organizations have urged members to start pushing Britain's four million anglers into the rivers. One flyer suggests making friends with the anglers and then offering them sandwiches containing fish hooks.

Can Plant Lib, Mineral Rights and a literally breathless outfit called Spare the Air be far behind?

An AIDS scare is rolling across the country, with the death toll already in the 50s and soaring. The firemen's union advised members not to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation to gays. Members of the tattooists' union are turning away gay customers. At least one Liverpool bar has banned homosexuals. And Burke's Peerage is blackballing AIDS victims and their relatives from its guide to eligible spouses for aristocrats. The British government, more sensible in this regard than the American, is considering making AIDS a "notifiable disease," which would force victims to be quarantined against their will.

Pakistani businessman Mustaq Malik, a reputed billionaire known as the Black Prince, was arrested at his Karachi mansion in February. Some say he made most of his billion by flooding European cities with heroin from a base in Amsterdam. Operation Fisherman, an undercover job of British Customs, played a key role in bringing him to bay. Meanwhile, Zambian Godfrey Lubinga hid behind diplomatic immunity to frustrate a Customs inquiry into his heroin-smuggling racket. A search of Lubinga's North London house had to be called off, and one newspaper suggested that Britain call off all aid to Zambia in retaliation.

French. Jean-Marie Le Pen's victory in the cantonal elections has made his Front National a permanent political fixture in France. Talked up by the media more than any other French personality, he has been the target of a day-and-night libel campaign so malicious and exaggerated that it has provided him with a great deal of extra and unexpected support.

The 13% of the vote received where his party ran candidates would not have shrunk too much below 10% if Le Pen had fielded candidates in all 2,028 cantons instead of 1,450. His victory was all the more spectacular considering that Roman Catholic bishops, the Reform churches and the rabbis all united against him.

Le Pen is quite rightly accused of Petainism, but such an accusation has little effect for the simple reason that the French people as a whole have never ceased to be Petainists, as well as Gaulists. The truth is, there was little difference between the mortal stance of these two former allies, who subsequently became the bitterest of enemies.

On February 12, Liberation published five affidavits from Arabs who said they had been tortured by Le Pen during the Algerian War. The entire French press immediately joined the attack. As the media campaign against Le Pen increased in fury, a bomb went off during a Jewish film festival in Paris. Though no one was killed and only one person had to be hospitalized for more than a day, the incident was treated as if a thermonuclear warhead had exploded in Paris. Eight thousand Jews and Jewish fellow travelers jammed the streets. Headlines gave the impression that Hitler had come back to life and was preparing a new Holocaust. Le Pen condemned the bombing as much as anyone, but this did not stop the media from fanning the suspicion that the Front National or at least the philosophy of the Front National bore a heavy responsibility for the bomb attack.

Meanwhile, Israeli Defense Minister Yitzhak Rabin, once forced to resign a previous cabinet post for violating his country's currency laws, called the French members of the United Nations' force in Lebanon "the biggest bastards" of all. Their crime was trying to prevent the Israeli invaders from blowing up the houses of Lebanese peasants. Other than that, the UN troops, some 7,000 strong, who were in Lebanon before the Jewish invasion, have served very little purpose. They should have fought to the last man when the Israelis swept into the country in 1982. Instead, they stepped meekly aside and let the Zionists blitzkrieg their way to the outskirts of Beirut.

Rabin refused to retract his statement and ordered the Israeli ambassador in Paris not to apologize. The French government let the incident die. What Western government dares to fight the power of world Zionism?

Klaus Barbie, kidnapped from Bolivia two years ago, is still in jail awaiting trial. French justice is not known for its alacrity. Insiders go so far as to say that Barbie, who headed a small Gestapo unit in Lyon during the German occupation, may never be brought to trial because he is supposed to have the goods on prominent politicians who now pose as loyal members of the Resistance, but were actually collaborators. In January, in place of his usual medicine, the ailing 71-year-old Barbie was given a glass of sodium silicate, which is the active agent in a floor-cleaning fluid. His mouth was severely burned. His lawyer says the act was intentional.

Gibraltar. The Spanish began demanding the return of the 2.5-square-mile Rock immediately after they were forced to cede it in the 1713 Treaty of Utrecht. In February, the border was reopened after nearly 20 years, when Britain agreed for the first time to debate the issue of sovereignty.

Once it was the rest of the world which saw the perilous side of Albion; now it is the Queen's loyal subjects. Prime Minister
Margaret Thatcher assured the House of Commons: "Her Majesty's Government will never enter into arrangements under which the people of Gibraltar will pass under the sovereignty of another state against their freely and democratically expressed wishes." If so, why did she ignore the recent 99% vote of the Gibraltarians to remain permanently with Britain by placing the sovereignty issue on the agenda? A business man on the Rock expressed the thoughts of nearly everyone: "Haven't we let in the Trojan Horse?"

Were she more honest, Thatcher would admit that, in cases like Hong Kong, Gibraltar and the Falklands (just wait!), the expressed wishes of the overwhelming majority take a back seat to decisions reached on high. Far-flung imperial outposts, say Britain's bosses, are far too costly to retain into the 21st century, both economically and diplomatically. The vast but contiguous Russian Empire from East Berlin to Kabul is also proving costly, but by Moscow's reckoning, disbanding it would be much costlier.

**Romania.** Last September, *Instauration* reported on a book of poetry by Corneliu Vadim Tudor, which was seized and withdrawn from circulation after Chief Rabbi Moses Rosen of Bucharest complained to Communist boss Nicolai Ceausescu. The November issue of the journal *Soviet Jewish Affairs* (published by the Institute of Jewish Affairs at 11 Hertfort St., London) contained a lengthy analysis of "literary anti-Semitism" in Romanian life today, by Michael Shafir. It seems that a loose grouping of "National Bolsheviks" exists over there, with some members in high places.

It was in late 1983 that the Romanian publishing house "Albatross" put out the sixth volume of young (b. 1949) Cornelieu Vadim Tudor's verse, entitled *Saturnalia*. That it was his third book published that year (when the official limit is one per year per author), and that it was published "in the record time of three weeks" (when a two-year wait is normal), was further proof of Tudor's backing in high places, wrote Shafir. Tudor accompanies Ceausescu on his travels, writing "poetic hagiography" as he goes; and Ceausescu's own son and heir-apparent, Nicu, is closely linked to what the Jews see as Romania's quasi-fascist press. The youth paper, *Scinteia tineretului*, is regarded as Nicu's mouthpiece, and it was there that the most anti-Jewish poem in the *Saturnalia* volume was first published, in March 1983. The poem let it be known that the Romanian nation had been "sold out at the Last Supper" (the Yalta Conference was implied) and that the executioner had been a "triumvirate Judas," by which was meant three powerful Jews in the postwar Stalinist government: Iosif Chisiniveschi, Leonte Rautu and Mihail Roller.

Tudor acknowledges as his personal mentor Eugen Barbu, "the author of the first [first published, that is] postwar Romanian novel with clearly anti-Semitic overtones" (*The Prince*, Bucharest, 1969). Barbu edits (with the help of the Council of Socialist Culture and Education) the Bucharest weekly *Saptamina*, which, back in September 1960, featured a Tudor-written editorial called "Ideals" which denounced those unable to grasp "that a nation can be edified only . . . by those born here over hundreds and thousands of years." (Most Romanian Jews entered the country in the late 1800s.) Behind Barbu and the entire nationalist circle stands another mentor, Constantin Dragan, a former Romanian Legionary now living in Italy. When, as a "punishment" for Tudor (to appease Rabbi Rosen), the Romanian authorities hit on the idea of "banishing" him to a study period in Italy, the fascist-wary Italian Embassy in Bucharest killed the plan.

It was on March 1, 1984, that *Saturnalia* was praised by the nationalist writer Artur Silvestri, in the official Communist publication *Tribuna Romaniei*. Tudor was likened to the "national poet," Mihai Eminescu (1850-89), as a "passionate advocate of Romanian historical truth." The two, born 99 years apart, both placed the blame squarely on the Jews for the attempted de-nationalization of Romanian cultural life, though both were forced by circumstance to cloak their meanings in rhetoric.

In making the comparison, the critic Silvestri was well aware that Tudor's previous shoot-out with the Jews, in 1980, had been triggered by the publication of volume 9 in the complete works of Eminescu, which covered the poet's journalistic work between 1870 and 1877, and was filled with anti-Jewish articles. Furthermore, the introduction and other commentaries added to volume 9 in 1980 embraced that hostile stance uncritically.

Rabbi Rosen went to work trying to halt volume 9's circulation, which brought the wrath of the Barbu circle upon his head, culminating in Tudor's editorial "Ideals." This triggered the counter-wrath of the international Jewish community, culminating in a strong official condemnation of anti-Semitism by Ceausescu in April 1981. Since Romania is heavily in debt to America and the West, there has been a delay in the publication of volumes 10 through 13 of Eminescu's works, with the editors jumping timidly ahead to volume 14. Their postponement has "generated deep resentment" in some Romanian circles, writes Shafir. He himself feels their publication would "facilitate a better comprehension of the phenomenon of contemporary 'national communism.'"

The publication of *Saturnalia* in December 1983 "brought the Eminescu controversy back to the forefront." In addition to the "Last Supper" poem were two others which recalled the 1980 incident, using a wealth of allusions to criticize Rabbi Rosen, the Jews and Judaism without mentioning them by name. The Jews were advised not to further push their luck with the forebearing Romanian people, but to respect the country's pride and its "praying sites."

The response to this and the glowing Silvestri review was a monster rally on March 11, 1984, held at the Choral Temple, Bucharest's main synagogue. Fifteen hundred people attended, including prominent intellectuals of Jewish origin and their key Gentile allies. A resolution was adopted which condemned "hooligans of the pen," and demanded an investigation and the punishment of "those found guilty." Meanwhile, hundreds of telegrams were pouring in from points West. In his Passover message to Romanian Jewry, Rabbi Rosen stated: "Freedom implies the possibility of asking questions. The gag thrust into the mouth of those who want to ask questions precedes serdum . . . [For how long] will the fascist beasts be allowed to attack and humiliate us?"

The Romanian authorities did their best to ignore the rising storm of anti-Gentilism, but by April of last year the U.S. State Department and the American Jewish lobby were bearing down hard. In early May, Jack Spitzer, the President of B'nai B'rith, was dispatched to Bucharest to demand a strong statement from Ceausescu. That, and a meeting with Rabbi Rosen, finally produced Ceausescu's "full understanding" and his announcement of "measures . . . to avoid the recurrence of similar deeds [i.e., naughty poems] in the future."

That the Romanian authorities were acting with a financial and diplomatic gun pointed at their heads became apparent at the party forum which discussed Tudor's case. One participant drolly asked whether a date had been set for awarding the poet a medal! Then they all formally condemned him. In August 1984, Edgar Bronfman, president of the World Jewish Congress, was sent around to check on Ceausescu. The Romanian President again promised that "never again" would a similar flap occur.

**Sudan.** In the matter of the "rescue" of thousands of Ethiopian Falashas, the so-called Black Jews, by the U.S. Air Force acting as an Israeli airlift (the Ethiopian government called it a "kidnapping"), it might be recalled that the ancient Jews did not have such warm feelings for blacks. Parts of the Talmud claim that Ham castrated...
and black." This horrendous curse was later used by St. Augustine and other clerics to make love in the Ark, he and his descendants were forever cursed. Noah, his father, and for that heinous piece of business, plus the additional crime of making love in the Ark, he and his descendants were forever cursed. As Noah brazenly put it, "Since you have disabled me from doing something in the dark, Ca-naan's [Ham's] children shall be born ugly and black." This horrendous curse was later used by St. Augustine and other clerics to make love in the Ark, he and his descendants were forever cursed. Crisis teams first undergo a thorough conversion before they can be accepted as genuine 14-karat Jews. But in this instance liberalism and equalitarianism seem to be triumphing over the Jews' tribal solidarity -- a triumph which will probably cost Israel dearly in years to come.

The U.S. part in the mass transfer by air of the Falashas from Ethiopia to Sudan to Israel was secretly arranged by Vice-President Bush in a visit he paid to Sudan's President Gaafar Mohammed Nimeiri. It was kicked off by a letter to President Reagan signed by all 100 members of the Senate, a letter which was kept secret until well after the operation had been completed. It would be impossible to keep secret any other letter signed by 100 senators of more than 600 senators in a bickering Washington. But, as ever, all rules, regulations and customs are broken when Israel enters into the picture.

The U.S. spent at least $15 million on the airlift, which was one of the reasons for the fall of dictator Nimeiri only a few weeks after it was completed and only a day or two after he had visited President Reagan in the White House and was warmly applauded for his complicity in what could only be described as another U.S.-Israeli anti-Arab operation. But if Anwar Sadat gave his life to appease Israel, why shouldn't Nimeiri sacrifice his job for the cause, especially since the London Observer has charged that Jewish groups gave him and his cronies a $57-million bribe to okay the airlift.

Southeast Asia. Crew members of nearly 600 American aircraft lost in Laos account for 560 of the current 2,600 MIAs. Although U.S. government agencies trying to locate and identify the MIAs include the Joint Casualty Resolution Center in Bangkok, Thailand, which also screens refugees for vital information, the frustration and anguish of MIA families and friends have resulted in the private funding of small search teams. Unfortunately, the overall effort has resulted in the scavenging and trashing of many crash sites.

Putting a price on human remains and crash site artifacts has started a ghoulish commerce in Laos. False and fabricated items, such as monkey bones and phony dogtags, are being sold at higher and higher prices. Worse, scavengers are dividing up genuine human remains and peddling them by the piece. The Oriental grapevine is busy spreading rumors that the U.S. is in the market for any belongings of or news about missing Americans in Indochina. MIA-related items are being purchased by Vietnamese and sold to the JRCR in the belief that the finders will collect a huge reward from a grateful U.S. government -- namely, resettlement in one of the 50 states. One female Vietnamese refugee, who appeared out of the jungle with a dogtag for which she had paid five ounces of gold, said she had heard that 80 members of one family had been transported to America after a family member had turned over the remains of one GI.

Japan. On the night of March 9, 1945, more than 330 American B29 bombers took off from the islands of Guam, Saipan and Tinian, and formed a vast air armada bound for Tokyo. Until then, the Americans had hit Japan mainly with large high-explosive bombs. But General Curtis E. LeMay, the campaign's commander (and later George Wallace's running mate), decided that fire was the effective way to devastate an enemy. So, without consulting with Washington (according to author John Toland), LeMay ordered the B29s to fly low over a large, working-class district of Tokyo, the nearly all-wooden "low city" area in either the west (Washington Post account) or the northeast (Minneapolis Standard Tribune) to drop incendiary bombs by the thousands.

The certain -- and intended -- result was a holocaust on the scale of Dresden (a month earlier) and Hiroshima (five months in the future). For most of the night, the American planes passed so low over the wooden neighborhood that residents felt they could shear their wings with a long pole. The Yankees dropped perhaps 700,000 two-foot-long napalm cylinders (or 2,100 per plane), which, as they hit, shattered their contents of jetted gasoline and magnesium. At least 100,000 men, women and children were incinerated, and one-fourth of Tokyo's buildings reduced to ashes. Babies burst into flames on their mother's backs. Hundreds drowned in the Sumida River as wave after wave of terrorized civilians pushed into its waters. Koyo Ishikawa, a policeman charged with photographing air raids, miraculously survived with his camera intact by spending the night in a sunken bathtub. Outraged by the carnage, he snapped some unforgettable pictures by the dawn's early light.

Twenty-three years later, the American media would react with mock horror when candidate LeMay advocated bombing North Vietnam "back to the stone age" to end the Indochina War. Yet when the same man had ordered 16 square miles of old Tokyo converted to rubble in a few hours, the press welcomed the gesture. Time, the same hate rag which called Theodore N. Kaufman's plan for sterilizing the German population after the war "a sensational idea!," blandly noted that "properly kindled, Japanese cities will burn like autumn leaves."

Is it any wonder that unpropagandized, fair-minded Americans were appalled by the hypocrisy of handing out death sentences to German and Japanese generals in the "war crimes" trials?

Philippines. As Amerasian children from Indochina and Korea continue to flood the U.S., a new source is about to be tapped. The bleeding hearts are now worrying about the more than 5,000 yellow-white and yellow-black offspring of American servicemen stationed near Manila. Melody Obien, 33, has four children, all considered "black," yet each one sired by a different Negro! Like all such children in Asia, they dream of settling in the U.S. one of these days. Their mothers are not typical Filipino women, but the slatterns of a nation. Explains one: It happened so fast. I agreed to go out with him when he proposed. It was a one-night affair, and there is Mystical Rose.

Mystical Rose Habitan is now 18 and her mother does not even know the father's first name. The story about the first-night "proposal" is either a sign of pathological credulity or a cover-up.

Under Philippine law, children of mixed parentage born in the islands are Filipinos. Since the U.S. already has more than its fair share of halfbreeds, let Asia take care of its contribution to the worldwide hybrid load.

Uruguay. Democracy has now come to this little South American nation after years of military rule. And with democracy have come the Jews. Luis Lieberman now heads the Department of Public Works; Julio Knet is has been appointed economic advisor to the new government; Benito Stern was elected Mayor of Punta del Este, one of the world's most notorious beach playgrounds. The new Uruguayan president is Julio Maria Sanguinetti, who is not a Jew but has let it be known to all and sundry that he is a proven friend of Uruguay's Jewish population and, muy seguro, Israel.
World War II in Moscow and had returned to Budapest in Russian tanks. It was the oppression and terror exercised by the Communist Jewish junta that triggered the rebellion. According to Irving, every Hungarian Secret Police officer was a non-Aryan.


Eisenhower, though supposed to be running the land battle, is on the golf links at Rheims — entirely detached and taking practically no part in the running of the war. Patton considered his commander-in-chief nothing but a "Popinjay, a stuffed doll."

Irving indulges in some further iconoclasm by suggesting that not all the French were too happy about being "liberated" from the Germans by the Americans. In Nancy, Frenchmen "who stayed behind in Normandy to welcome their liberators . . . were liable to be vandalized, robbed, raped, murdered." Irving leans on evidence from B.H. Liddell Hart, the British military historian, who pointed out, "Most Frenchmen speak of the correctness of the German army's behavior. They seemed particularly impressed that German soldiers were shot for incivility to women and compare this with the American troops' bad behavior toward women." An official U.S. Army report stated, "Unfortunately, most of these undisciplined acts were caused by colored troops."

The famous "Malmedy massacre," writes Irving, was another piece of macabre Allied war propaganda. The JHR reviewer, Charles Lutton, writes:

During the Battle of the Bulge, a unit of the First Panzer Division killed over 80 GIs during the firefight. The American dead were laid out in rows in the snow, but the Germans were forced to withdraw from Malmedy before the dead soldiers were buried. Allied propaganda blew this event up into a major atrocity story, claiming that the Americans had been taken prisoner and then lined up and shot. Several Germans were tried after the war for their participation in this "war crime."

Irving cites what Patton wrote in his diary (Jan. 4, 1945): "The Eleventh Army is very green and took unnecessary losses to no effect. There were also some unfortunate incidents in the shooting of prisoners. I hope we can conceal this."

As the end approached, Patton began to sound like the enemy he had taken such relish in annihilating. He wrote in one letter, "We have destroyed what could have been a good race and we [are] about to replace them with Mongolian savages."

In another letter Old Blood and Guts confessed:

The stuff in the papers about fraternization is all wet . . . All that sort of writing is done by Jews to get revenge. Actually, the Germans are the only decent people left in Europe . . . I prefer the Germans. So do our cousins [the British].

After touring refugee camps, Patton went so far as to describe the Jews as being "lower than animals."

"Black Psychology" Is Not White Psychology

Blacks who appear paranoid or otherwise abnormal to white psychologists are really quite normal once their people's grim history is taken into account. That is the message of Joseph Baldwin, president of the Association of Black Psychologists. "Clearly black people are oppressed in this society," says Baldwin, "and that generates a different set of realities they must deal with." For example, adds Na'im Akbar, a Southern regional representative of the Association, "A black person who is suspicious about trusting his welfare to whites might be considered paranoid . . . A black psychologist . . . [might] see that as normal [and] healthy."

Baldwin tells the story of Samuel Cartwright, a white psychologist in the days of slavery, who identified two disorders commonly suffered by blacks. "Drapetomania" was the desire of blacks to run away from slavery. "Dysathesia aethopica" was "a form of rascality where slaves broke hoes or walked over cotton plants or poisoned cows to get out of work."

Today, one sees similar maladaptations in many whites. Someone with a good command of Latin and Greek should coin a term for the "disorders" in which a white person wishes to run away from minority control of the media (mind slavery), or fantasizes about breaking a hoe over the heads of black muggers who are ruining his neighborhood. Such "disturbed" whites are also loath to entrust themselves to the tender mercies of minority shrinks who "only want to help."

We honestly believe that Baldwin and Akbar are onto something, and join them in hoping that black psychology will take off during the next 20 years. But they should share the wealth. Many of their perceptions and complaints make more sense to the white tribalist than a lot of mainstream psychology. Take, for example, what Akbar says about whites and blacks differing in their views of individuality:
One of the most important ideas in white psychology is the concept of individuality, because it works to the advancement of the achievement of whites. As an oppressed people, if we [blacks] set ourselves up in terms of individuality, then we continue the oppression, because only by uniting can we change that.

But has individualism worked for the advancement of "whites" (plural), as Akbar states? Or has it rather tended to advance the ambitious, individual white (singular), and his nonwhite allies, at the expense of whites as a group? Today, millions of whites are coming to feel even more badly oppressed than blacks, and they too believe that "only by uniting can we change that."

**Voice of Tomorrow Needs Tapes Today**

The Voice of Tomorrow is still on the air sending out its messages of Majority boosterism every other weekend. Already its operators have received 200 letters from interested listeners, most of them hobbyists, some of them pro-Majority enthusiasts who want to hear more.

Again, Instaurationists are asked to send in audio tapes that will fit with in the Voice's broadcasting policies. The station goes on the air on the first and third weekends of every month: Saturday -- 2:00 to 3:00 P.M. on 7410 kHz; 4:00 to 5:00 P.M. on 6240 kHz; 8:00 to 9:00 P.M. on 6240 kHz; 10:00 to 11:00 P.M. on 6240 kHz. Sunday -- 12:30 A.M. to 1:30 A.M. on 7410 kHz; 10:00 to 11:00 A.M. on 15040 kHz (all times EST).

The address of the Voice of Tomorrow is P.O. Box 20039, Ferndale, MI 48220.

**A Packet of Mini-Stirrings**

Though one cannot justly compare them to the leaves shimming on Aunt Em's apple tree before the Big One touched down, the following news items, and others like them, may portend a bestirring of our race to the leaves shimmying on Aunt Em's apple tree before the Big One touched down.

- In Hartford, the former chief of police, George Sicaras, has filed a $5 million lawsuit to regain his old job. He blames his ouster on a "conspiracy" among black city officials. The mayor, the city manager, the deputy mayor and the former deputy mayor -- apparently all black -- are among those named in the suit. They allegedly forced Sicaras to retire in 1982 when he resisted their interference in police hiring and promotions.

- In Dallas, city councilman Jim Hart, the deputy mayor pro tem, has been accused of racism by Hispanic leaders after he said that illegal aliens are spreading fear and destroying neighborhoods. Hart had mailed a letter to local congressmen and state legislators, pleading with them to clamp down on immigration:

> Envision, if you would for a moment, your mother, grandmother, or elderly aunt, etc., who has worked hard through the years to maintain and upkeer her property. All of a sudden, her security is threatened because illegals with no moral values have moved next door to her. As a result, daily her health begins to deteriorate because she gets little or no sleep for fear of being robbed, raped or killed.

The president of the Mexican-American Bar Association, who doesn't give a stinker's damn about the ruined lives of millions of Anglos, tongue-lashed Hart for his "narrow-minded" nastiness.

- In Houston, city councilman John Goodner was accused of -- surprise -- racism when he warned of Chinese, Cambodian and Vietnamese immigrants who were memorizing the driver's license exam and generally endangering the public:

> They go down on Saturdays and run over garbage cans, dogs and everything else [while] practicing . . . .

> This is a very widespread problem. [My complaint] is aimed at any group of people who have not been brought up in an automobile-oriented society . . . .

> The [native] people who have [lived] here in the past several years know what I am talking about.

Goodner had previously griped about illegal immigrants who were packing Houston's apartment complexes at the rate of "10 to a room."

**Early-Bird Melting Potter**

She that lifts up the mankind of the poor, She of the open soul and open door, With room about her hearth for all mankind!

James Russell Lowell (1861)

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**Ponderable Quotes**

I am in favor of elevating the Negro to the extent of his capacity and intelligence, and of our doing everything in our power to advance the race morally and mentally as well as physically, also socially. But I am opposed to making this advance by correspondingly debasing any portion of the white race. As to trusting the Negro of the Southern States with the most sacred and responsible privilege -- the right of suffrage -- I should as soon think of elevating an Indian Chief to the Popedom of Rome.

General George Custer, as quoted in Evan Connell's *Son of the Morning Star*

> Were I the master of every language of earth, past master of all the dead tongues of the ages, a genius in the use of every epithet the rage of man ever spoke, still words would have no power to express my contempt for one who would betray his own race!

Thomas Dixon, Jr.  
*The Traitor*
The Bitter Fruit of Bitburg

The pathological reaction of the Jews to President Reagan’s visit to the German military cemetery at Bitburg, as evidenced by the cascade of protests, marches, articles, letters to editors and political speeches that dominated the media for weeks, has given an otherwise somnambulant American populace an unforgettable civics lesson in the sheer power of Jewish mind control.

The incredible intensity and compulsive exigency of this reaction shows that Jews saw something fearful in what had been intended as a harmless and innocent diplomatic gesture of reconciliation with a former enemy. Perhaps it was feared that a simple act of wreath-laying would free the public mindset to take that first irrevocable step down the long road of intellectual inquiry into an objective assessment of the reasons for World War II—a journey bound to uncover questions about the widespread anti-Semitism of the 1920s and 1930s in Germany and elsewhere, as well as questions concerning the Jewish involvement in communism’s rise to power in Eastern Europe and the murderous brutality that accompanied this rise.

Traditionally, U.S. public opinion has been at the mercy of self-serving and historically flawed Jewish and pro-Jewish interpretations of those times, partly because ethnic identities among immigrants from places like Germany and Italy have been allowed to atrophy by an inhospitable host culture. Until now, any questions about the slightest possibility of the rightness or justness of the Axis cause have been regarded by our culture arbiters as verboten for the common man’s day-in, day-out contemplation. The nation’s knowledge of 20th-century Germany has been, in effect, limited to “Hogan’s Heroes” at one extreme and an incessant replay of Holocaust themes at the other.

But history tells us that the obvious can only be papered over for so many years or decades. Eventually the covering begins to slip and the whole unseemly mess commences a glacial slide toward facts instead of hype. America’s Jews, despite their recognizable influence acquired by the power of the purse and the clout of what the purse buys, know that their control over popular history’s perceptions of their clan’s behavior in Russia, Weimar Germany and Pilsudski Poland is tenuous at best and could slip away altogether by such a simple act as the laying of a wreath.

The fact is, whenever Jews stir up a new wave of anti-German hatred, whenever a true-blue racist like Elie Wiesel lectures and demeans our highest public official, the Kremlin bubbles over with joy. What Jews don’t seem to realize in the midst of their media fireworks is that the closer Gorbachev and Co. come to breaking up the Western Alliance, the closer Jews, at least in the Eastern Hemisphere, come to the brink.

A Russian-dominated Europe would be a Europe from which Jews would try to flee as desperately as they are now essaying to flee from the Soviets. A Russian-dominated Europe would be impregnable to any Allied invasion, one reason being that there would be no European foe behind Russia’s back diluting its defense of the Atlantic and North Sea coastlines. Hitler’s ability to defend these strategic areas was seriously handicapped by the existence of the Eastern front, which was holding down and grinding down the flower of the Wehrmacht.

A Russian-dominated Europe would be a Jewish-undominated Europe, yet no group of people anywhere is doing more to bring this about than the Jews themselves, who are constantly, à la Bitburg, raking over the coals of WWII enemies. The “never forget, never forgive” philosophy is at work day and night corroding the political, economic and military links the U.S. and West Germany must maintain if Russia is to be kept out of the West.

The Jewish question played an important role in WWII. It seems destined, because of the presence of Israel and the long memories of Jews and their limitless capacity for hatred, to play a major role in any new intercontinental war.

Bitburg was an act of friendly diplomacy turned into a dramatic manifestation of Jewish control over Western opinion. The Jews are even able to change a president’s itinerary at the last minute, as they did when they forced him to visit Bergen-Belsen, after he stated he would not visit such unhappy reminders of the past. The more such bad memories are jolted, the less chance there will be of any effective joining of the hearts and minds (and weapons) of Germans and Americans, and the more chance there will be of the neutralization of West Germany, which, if it occurs, must lead to the neutralization and eventually the russification and the de-Judaizing of Europe.

In this event, the two power centers of the world will be an anti-Communist, pro-Jewish America and a Russian-dominated Europe allied to an anti-Zionist Arab and Moslem confederation with a weak, poorly armed Japan and China in Eastern Asia. Only a madman could conceive that such a world would be of any benefit to the Jews, yet that is the world to which they are driving us.